Fourteenth Kerala Legislative Assembly
Bill No. 18

THE KERALA INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT FUND (AMENDMENT) BILL, 2016

Kerala Legislature Secretariat
2016

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further to amend the Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund Act, 1999.

Preamble.—Whereas, it is expedient further to amend the Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund Act, 1999 (4 of 2000) for the purposes hereinafter appearing;

BE it enacted in the Sixty-seventh Year of the Republic of India as follows:

- 1. Short title and commencement.—(1) This Act may be called the Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund (Amendment) Act, 2016.
- (2) It shall be deemed to have come into force on the 19th day of August, 2016.
- 2. Amendment to section 2.—In the Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund Act, 1999 (4 of 2000) (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act) in section 2,—
 - "(i) after clause (a), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:-
- (aa) "concessionaire" means the private sector participant which has entered into a public-private partnership;
- (ab) "concession agreement" means an agreement entered into between a public agency and a private sector participant for and in respect of a public-private partnership;
- (ac) "detailed project study" means a detailed study of the project made after the decision for preliminary investment, in order to ascertain the capital cost, technological parameters, description of the technology to be used, technical specifications, plan schedule to assist the financial investment, plan for implementation of the project and such other information as may be specified in the scheme;

- (ad) "Executive Committee" means the committee constituted under section 6B;
- (ac) "feasibility study" means a preliminary study to assess the technical and financial viability and to assess the social and environmental impact of a project for making a decision for investment which shall include the demand for services, appropriate technology to be adopted, capital cost, time required for implementation and such other information as may be specified in the scheme."
 - (ii) after clause (c), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:--
- "(ea) "Government Company" means any company in which not less than fifty one per cent of the paid-up share capital is held by the Government or other State Governments and includes a company which is a subsidiary of any Government Company;
- (eb) "Infrastructure" means the assets or services in any one or more of the sectors specified in the Second Schedule";
 - (iii) for clause (f), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(f) 'Infrastructure projects' include projects in the sectors specified in the Second Schedule and multipurpose projects comprising of one or more of the sectors specified therein";
- (iv) in clause (h), for the words "forty per cent" and "fifty per cent" the words "twenty six per cent" shall be substituted;
- (v) in clause (i), for the words "fifty per cent", the words "fifty one per cent" shall be substituted;
 - (vi) after clause (i), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:--
- "(ia) "private sector participant" means any person or entity other than a public agency or the Central Government or a public sector undertaking of the Central Government;
- (ib) "project" means an Infrastructure Project and includes both physical and social Infrastructure Projects;

Explanation:—For the purpose of this clause 'physical infrastructure projects' means projects primarily intended for creation of tangible assets and 'social infrastructure projects' means intangible social assets such as schools, social services etc.

- (ic) "public-private partnership" means an arrangement between a public agency and a private sector participant for providing infrastructure which includes investment, design, development, construction, maintenance or operation undertaken by the private sector participant, wherein risks are allocated between them such that the private sector participant takes the risk beyond the stage of design, construction and the payment for the services are performance linked, in the form of user charges, annuities or unitary payment;
- (id) "public agency" means any department of the Government or any public sector undertaking of the Government, Government Company, statutory board formed by the Government, Local Self Government Institutions, co-operative institution, university, any society or trust formed, owned or controlled by the Government";
 - (vii) after clause (k), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:
- "(ka) "Special Purpose Vehicle" means the Public Agency, Public Sector Undertaking or Public-Private Partnership formed for executing any work financed by the Board;
- (kb) 'sponsoring agency means the public agency designated by the Board to implement a project through public-private partnership";
 - (viii) after clause (l), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:--
- "(la) "State support" means the support extended by the Government to a concessionaire, which may include,—
 - subsidy or capital grant not exceeding such proportion of the cost of the project, as may be specified in the scheme;
 - (ii) equity;
 - (iii) loans;
 - (iv) guarantee by the Government;
 - (v) opening and operation of escrow account;

- (vi) conferment of right to develop any land;
- (vii) incentives in the form of exemption from the payment of, or deferred payment of, any tax or fees levied under any law or such other incentives, as may be specified, in the Scheme.".
- (ix) after clause (m), the following clause shall he inserted, namely:-
- "(ma) "user levy" means user charge or fee or any other amount, by whatever name be called, payable by the user of an infrastructure facility.".
 - 3. Amendment to section 3.—In section 3 of the principal Act,—
- (a) after sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
- "(1A) The fund corpus shall comprise of the net total of the amounts specified in sub-section (2) hereunder."
- (b) in sub-section (2), for clause (a), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(a) the amounts released to the Board from the budget allocation under section 7.":
 - (c) in clause (c), the words "the Government or" shall be omitted;
- (d) in sub-section (3), the following words shall be added at the end "in such manner as may be specified in the scheme."
 - (e) in sub-section (4),—
- (i) in clause (a), after the words "to finance", the words "or leverage" shall be inserted:
- (ii) in clause (c), for the words "bonds and debentures" the words "bonds, debentures or any other financial instruments" shall be substituted;
 - (iii) after clause (c), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:—
- "(ca) to finance or leverage investments and financial instruments relating to land acquisitions for infrastructure projects and other Government purposes;
- (cb) to provide funding for projects that face significant funding barriers because of the need to combine resources across multiple sectors or parts thereof;

- (cc) to provide direct loans and loan guarantees to eligible projects, programmes of any legal entity or instrumentality including public or other undertaking for their investments in infrastructure projects identified by the State as included in the National/State/Local Government plans";
- (f) for sub-section (5), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(5) All moneys specified in sub-section (2) other than money contributed by Government under section 7, shall be deposited with the approval of the Board in a Nationalized Bank or in such other prudent investment, with the concurrence of the Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission:

Provided that any portion of the money contributed by Government under section 7 may also be deposited/invested in any Nationalized Bank, in sovereign bonds of the Union or States or in such other prudent investment other than in the State Treasury, with the specific approval of the Government and it shall be done with the concurrence of the Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission.

Explanation:—For the purpose of this sub-section, 'prudent investment' shall mean those investments which carry the highest rating from the appropriate regulatory body or credit rating agency for that class of investment.";

- (g) in sub-section (6),---
- (i) for the word "schedule", the words "first schedule" shall be substituted;
- (ii) after sub-section (6), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
- "(6A) The accounts of the Board shall be operated by the Fund Manager:

Provided that the Board may delegate the powers for operation of accounts to one or more officers of the Board and may set appropriate financial limits as it deems fit."

- (h) after sub-section (7), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—
- "(8) The Government shall lay before the State Legislative Assembly along with the presentation of the Annual budget the following documents.—
- (a) a statement of the sources and application of the funds of the Board;

- (b) a certificate from the Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission to the effect that the funds of the Board have been deployed for the purposes intended and that surplus funds have been managed as laid down under the provisions of this Act."
- 4. Insertion of new section 3A.—After section 3 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:
- "3A. Eligible projects:—(1) Projects eligible for financial assistance from the Fund shall be the projects referred to the Board by the Government and approved by the Board.
- (2) Eligible projects shall be of a value exceeding Rs.100,00,00,000 (Rupees One hundred erore) implemented by a public agency:

Provided that for the purpose of assessing the value, projects not less than Rupees Ten Crore may be grouped into tranches, each of which has to satisfy the stipulation on the value specified in sub-section (2):

Provided further that the Government may, by general or special order, apply the provisions of this Act to any public-private partnership project:

Provided also that it shall not apply to any project undertaken by the Central Government or any public undertaking of the Central Government independently, except as a joint venture with the State Government.

Explanation: For the purpose of this sub-section, in the case of a public private partnership project, 'project value' means, where the private sector participant is,

- (i) required to make capital investment, the value of the asset or facility to be created including cost of land, if the cost of land is to be borne by the private sector participant; or
- (ii) not required to make capital investment, the current replacement value of the asset or facility, excluding land, whose operation and maintenance shall be the responsibility of the private sector participant.".
 - 5. Amendment to section 4.-In section 4 of the principal Act,-
- (a) after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:
 - "(2A) The headquarters of the Board shall be Thiruvananthapuram.";

(b) for sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:-

"(3) The Board shall consist of the following members, namely: -

Chairperson (a) Chief Minister

Vice-Chairperson (b) Minister for Finance

Member (c) Vice-Chairman, State Planning Board

(d) Chief Secretary

Member

Member (e) Secretary (Law)

Member (f) Secretary (Finance)

(g) Secretary (Finance-Resources) Member

(h) Seven independent members who are experts, who have worked in an institution of national repute in one or more of the areas of Finance, Banking,

Economics

(i) Chief Executive Officer

Member Secretary

Members

Explanation:—For the purposes of the provisions of this Act the term 'Secretary' shall denote Additional Chief Secretary, Principal Secretary, Secretary or Special Secretary to Government, as the case may be:".

- (c) for sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:--
- "(4) The Board may at the discretion of the Chairperson seek the participation of any other Minister or Secretary of any Department whose project is under consideration of the Board for financing.";
 - (d) sub-sections (5) to (7) shall be omitted.
- 6. Insertion of new section 5A.—After section 5 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:--
- "5A. Meetings of the Board .--- (1) The Board shall meet at such time and place and shall observe such rules of procedure in regard to transaction of business at its meetings, as may be specified in the Scheme.

- (2) The Chairperson shall preside over the meetings of the Board. When the Chairperson of the Board is absent, the Vice-Chairperson shall preside over the meetings. The Chief Executive Officer shall be the convener of the Board meetings.
- (3) Agenda of a meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of two-third of the votes of the members present and voting and in case of any equality of votes, the person presiding shall have a second or casting vote.
 - (4) The quorum for a meeting shall be six.
- (5) All investment decisions taken in the Board meetings in the absence of the Chairperson shall be ratified by the Chairperson before implementation.
- (6) The members of the Board may, with the permission of the Chairperson, attend the meetings of the Board through video conferencing.
- (7) No act or Proceeding of the Board shall be invalid by reason only of the existence of any vacancy amongst its members or any defect in the constitution thereof.
- 7. Substitution of new sections for section 6.—For section 6 of the principal Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—
- "6. Functions of the Board.—Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Board shall have the following functions, namely:—
- (a) approve the selection of eligible projects for financial assistance through the Fund;
- (b) authorise the mobilization of resources for augmentation, maintenance and utilization of the Fund;
- (c) approve the public agency which shall implement a project through public sector mode or through a Public-Private Partnership;
- (d) co-ordinate the efforts of the Government, any public agency and sponsoring agencies in matters regarding the development of the infrastructure in the State including Public-Private Partnership projects;
- (e) identify sources of financing, recommend and approve suitable modes of raising resources;
- (f) identify bottlenecks in the Projects and recommend policy initiatives to rectify the same;
- (g) formulate and recommend policies related to eligible projects so as to ensure that project risks are identified and allocated between the stakeholders:

- (h) perform such other functions as may be entrusted to it by the Government.
- 6A. General powers of the Board.—The Board shall, for the purpose of carrying out its functions under this Act, have the following powers, namely:—
- (a) to call upon any public agency or concessionaire or any person to furnish information in regard to any project;
- (b) to inspect or cause to inspect and monitor any Project and its execution, operation and management;
 - (c) to regulate its own procedures;
- (d) to approve proposal and instruments to mobilise and deploy resources of the Fund;
- (e) to sanction financial assistance based on eligibility norms as per the Scheme;
- (f) to approve the Investment Prospectus, operational guidelines and oversight mechanism;
- (g) to recover the amounts due to the Board from the assisted projects, project authority, undertakings, public agency and/or concessionaire as per the recovery schedule;
- (h) to modify, revise or reschedule the recoveries as may be considered appropriate;
- (i) to opt for revenue recovery proceedings, if found necessary and appropriate, against any of the assisted project, project authority, undertakings, public agency and/or concessionaire in the interest of the Board;
- (j) to disburse all expenses relating to the administration of the Fund including travel, interest on borrowings, fees, professional charges and other expenses;
- (k) to invest any surplus fund of the Board, as may be available from time to time, in such manner as may be specified in the Act and in the scheme and also to realise the returns due from such investments;
- (1) to review on a periodic basis the performance of any assisted project, project authority, undertakings, public agency and/or concessionaire receiving any assistance or loan from the Fund;

- (m) to enter into Memorandum of Understanding or performance contract with any assisted project, project authority, undertakings, public agency and/or concessionaire under the purview of this Act, on behalf of the Government;
 - (n) to enter into contracts on behalf of the Board;
- (o) to exercise such powers and functions as may be specified in the Scheme;
- (p) to exercise such powers and perform such functions as may be conferred on or entrusted to it by the Government for carrying out the purposes of this Act;
- (q) to do all acts necessary for and incidental to the carrying out of the function entrusted or delegated to it;
 - (r) to certify reports to the State Legislature;
- (s) to certify other publications of the Fund including investment prospectus and tender documents.
- 6B. Executive Committee.—(1) There shall be an Executive Committee which shall exercise such powers and perform such functions as may be delegated to it by the Board.
- (2) The Executive Committee shall consist of the following members, namely:

(a)	Minister for Finance	 Chairperson
(b)	Chief Secretary	 Member
(c)	Secretary (Law)	Member
(d)	Secretary (Finance)	 Member
(c)	Secretary (Finance-Resources)	 Member
(1)	Three independent members of the Board, to be nominated	 Member
	by the Government	 Members
(g)	Chief Executive Officer	 Member

(3) The Secretary to Government of the administrative department in Government concerned with the project proposal placed before the Board for consideration shall be a special invitee to the meetings of the Executive Committee.

- (4) The decision making shall be by a majority of not less than twothirds of the members present and voting.
 - (5) The quorum for a meeting shall be four.
- (6) The members of the Executive Committee may, with the permission of the Chairperson, attend the meeting through video conferencing.
- (7) The Chief Executive Officer shall be the Secretary of the Executive Committee.
- 6C. Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission (FTAC).—(1) The Board may, by general order, constitute with effect from such date as may be specified therein, a Commission to be called the 'Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission'.
- (2) The Commission shall comprise of not less than three and not more than five members including a Chairperson.
- (3) The term of office of the Commission shall be for a period of two years.
- (4) The members shall hold office at their pleasure and shall not be removed by Government or the Board except on grounds of conviction on any criminal charges involving moral turpitude by a court of law.
- (5) The members shall be experts with proven experience at the national or international levels in any of the fields of banking, financial regulation, financial markets, administration or economics.
- (6) The Board shall nominate one of the members as the Chairperson of the Commission.
- (7) The members of the Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission may, with the permission of the Chairperson, attend the meeting through video conferencing.
- (8) The Commission shall meet once before September and February of each year and as many times, as it deems fit for carrying out its functions.
- (9) The Chief Executive Officer shall be the Secretary to the Commission.
- 6D. Functions of Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission.—(1) The Commission shall act as the trustee of the fund and help to ensure that all investments of the fund serve the purpose and intent of the Act and that there is no diversion of funds of the Board.

- (2) The Commission shall with the approval of the majority of members issue a "Fidelity Certificate" every six months certifying that the application of funds and the investment of surplus funds are in conformity with the Act and Scheme."
- 6E. Powers of Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission.—The Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission shall have the following powers, namely:—
 - (a) to call for periodical reports from the Board;
- (b) to call for any documents in possession of Board necessary for the discharge of its functions under this Act;
- (c) to supervise the implementation of the conditions regarding creation of the securities by the Board for the purpose of raising funds;
- (d) to carry out such acts as are necessary for the protection of interest of the holders of the securities issued by Board;
- (e) to do all things necessary to resolve the grievances of the holders of the securities issued by the Board;
- (f) to ascertain that the funds necessary to discharge the interest and principal amount payable in respect of the securities is available with the Board as stipulated under this Act;
- (g) to ascertain that the funds so available with the Board are deployed in prudential investments;
- (h) to direct the Chief Executive Officer to convene meetings of the Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission as many times as it deems appropriate in addition to the two meetings specified in sub-section (8) of section 6C:

Provided that the Chairperson shall issue such directions either on his own or at the request of at least two members.

6F. Project identification, prioritization and implementation.—(1) On identifying or conceptualizing a project to be developed, managed and operated in the State, the Board, on its own accord or based on a study or survey caused to be conducted or based on inputs received from a third party, may seek the views of the public agency concerned thereon:

Provided that if the public agency does not furnish its views within thirty days from the date of receipt of the said communication from the Board, it shall be deemed that the public agency has no view to offer.

- (2) Any public agency may also identify or conceptualize a project to be developed, managed and operated in the State and send the proposal thereafter to the Board for its recommendation. The Board shall scrutinize, evaluate and where more than one such proposal is received, prioritize the same.
- (3) The Board, on receipt of the views of the public agency under sub-section (1) or proposal from any public agency under sub-section (2), shall examine the project proposal with reference to the following factors, namely:—
- (a) the cost benefit analysis of the project including the socio-economic cost benefit;
- (b) the cost effectiveness of implementation through public private partnership with a value for money test, as may be specified in the Scheme;
- (c) the possibility of specifying project performance parameters and measuring their outcomes;
 - (d) the risk sharing possibilities with the private sector participant;
- (e) the technological and managerial advantages that may accrue due to private sector participation;
- (f) the socio-economic factors which may affect investment by the private sector participant;
 - (g) compliance with regulatory norms.
- (4) The Board, shall cause a feasibility study of the proposed project and after satisfying itself as to its feasibility, recommend the same to the Government, indicating specifically as to whether it may be implemented through public sector mode or through public private partnership.
- (5) The Board shall cause the details of projects recommended under sub-section (4), to be published on its website and on such other websites, as may be specified in the scheme:

Provided that the Board may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, choose not to publish the details of a Project.

- (6) On receipt of proposal for implementation of the Project under subsection (4), the Government shall consider the same and communicate its decision on the implementation of the Project including the mode of its implementation, to the Board.
- (7) In respect of a Project decided by the Government to be implemented through public sector mode, the Board shall designate the public agency which shall implement that Project, give direction for its implementation and monitor the progress of implementation.
- (8) If the public agency does not commence the Project within three months from the date of receipt of such direction or expresses its inability to implement the Project, for any reason recorded in writing, the Board with the approval of the Government shall re-examine the Project as in sub-section (3) and make a fresh recommendation to the Government.
- (9) In respect of Project decided by the Government to be implemented through public private partnership, the Board shall cause the sponsoring agency to publish the details of the proposed projects in such form and in such manner, as may be specified in the scheme, inviting objections and suggestions. The sponsoring agency shall, based on the objections and suggestions, if any, received, prepare and submit a report to the Board within such period, as may be specified in the scheme.
- (10) The Board, on receipt of the report from the sponsoring agency under sub-section (9), shall consider the project in consultation with the administrative department and after causing the detailed project study, if it considers necessary, finalize the scope and structure of the Project, either in its original form or with such modification, as it deems fit, also taking into account, the following aspects, namely:—
- (a) whether the Project needs any public financial support, and if so, the appropriate form of such support;
- (b) the tender criteria or variables relevant for evaluation of the tender; and

- (c) the appropriate concession agreement or a combination thereof, from out of those listed in the Third Schedule.".
- 8. Substitution of new section for section 7.—For section 7 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—
- "7. Budgetary allocation for repayment.—(1) From, time to time, Government shall make provision in the Annual Budget to defray the expenses incurred for payment of annuity or other repayment obligation incurred in lieu of section 8:

Provided that Government shall set apart a share of the Motor Vehicle Taxes as contribution to the fund, reckoned on the basis of the Motor Vehicle Taxes collected for the previous year such share being ten per cent in the first year and increased by ten per cent each year up to fifty per cent of the Motor Vehicle Tax in the fifth year:

Provided further that in addition, a cess of not less than one rupee levied on each litre of petrol shall also be contributed to the Fund by the Government from out of such cess levied during the previous year.

(2) The transfer of funds required for the successive twelve months shall be completed either in one or more installments, before the last working day of December of that year:

Provided that the revenue realised from any project shall be set-off from the appropriation so made at the end of the year and only the balance after defraying operational expenses need be provided as appropriation during the year.

- (3) The Government may also at its discretion, after due appropriation by law passed by the State Legislature from time to time make grants, advances and loans to the fund for the purposes of this Act, on such terms and conditions as the Government may determine.".
- 9. Substitution of new sections for section 8. For section 8 of the principal Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:
- "8. Power of the Board to borrow and lend.—(1) The Board may, from time to time, with the previous sanction of the Government and subject to such conditions as the Government may by general or special order determine, borrow any sum required for the purposes of this Act.

- (2) For the purpose of such borrowing the Board may issue any financial instrument including but not limited to General Obligation Bonds, Revenue Obligation Bonds or any other appropriate financial instruments or raise funds through any financial structures including but not limited to Alternative Investment Funds (AIF), Infrastructure Investment Trust (InvIT), Infrastructure Debt Fund (IDF), Revenue Bonds with structured payment mechanism, Land Bonds or any other appropriate financial instruments or by making arrangements with Banks, Multilateral Funding Agencies or Institutions approved by the Government in that behalf.
- (3) The Board may act as the sponsor for setting up infrastructure investment structures, as are required for facilitating the mobilisation of resources for a project or group of projects.

Explanation:—For the purpose of this sub-section, the infrastructure investment structures may include, but are not limited to Alternate Investment Fund (AIF), Infrastructure Investment Trust (InvIT), Mutual Funds and Infrastructure Development Fund (IDF).

- (4) The Financial instruments and securities issued by the Board under this section shall be issued, transferred, dealt with or redeemed in such manner as decided by the Board subject to the directions of the Government.
- 8A. Power of the Board to delegate.—The Board may delegate to the Executive Committee or the Chief Executive Officer such powers and functions under this Act or scheme as it may consider necessary for the efficient administration of the fund, subject to such restrictions and conditions if any, as it may specify."
- 10. Amendment to section 9.—In section 9 of the principal Act, for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—
- "(1) The Government shall guarantee the payment of the principal and interest of any fund proposed to be raised by the Board under section 8:

Provided that the total guarantee issued by the Government under this Act shall not exceed the limits set by the Kerala Ceiling on Government Guarantees Act, 2003 (30 of 2003) in force.".

11. Substitution of new section for section 10.—For section 10 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

- "10. Appointment of officers and staff.—(1) The Board may with the approval of Government, create such posts and appoint such number of officers and staff as it considers necessary to assist the Board in the discharge of its functions and duties under this Act.
- (2) There shall be a Chief Executive Officer (CEO) for the Board who shall be given the rank and status of a Secretary to the Government, appointed by the Government. The Chief Executive Officer shall be the Fund Manager of the Board.
- (3) The Chief Executive Officer shall exercise the power of supervision and control over all the officers and staff of the Board.
- (4) The method of appointment, salary and allowances and other conditions of service of the officers and the staff appointed under sub-section (1) shall be such, as may be specified by the Government from, time to time.".
- 12. Amendment to section 12.—In section 12 of the principal Act, after the words, "Every member of Board", the words and symbol "Executive Committee, Fund Trustee and Advisory Commission" shall be inserted.
- 13. Insertion of new section 17A.—In the principal Act, after section 17, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—
- "17A. Power to appoint an Inspection Authority.—(1) The Government may by general or special order, appoint an inspection authority comprising of such persons as it deems fit to inspect any projects and the documents of any Special Purpose Vehicle implementing the same that has been financed by the Board.
- (2) Such Authority shall have the powers to call for documents from any Special Purpose Vehicle and inspect its office, site and premises of the projects implemented by it".
- 14. Amendment to the Schedule.—The existing Schedule to the principal Act shall be renamed as First Schedule and in the First Schedule as so renamed,—
- (a) under the heading FIRST SCHEDULE, for the words, brackets and figures, "See Section 3(6)" the words, bracket, letters, symbol and figures "See Sections 2(ac), 2(ac), 3(6), 6A(k), 6A(o), 6F(3)(b), 6F(5), 6F(9)" shall be inserted:
 - (b) in item 12 the word 'quorum' shall be omitted.
 - (c) item 15 shall be omitted.

- "16. Other information with respect to which a detailed study of the project may be conducted after the decision for preliminary investment;
- 17. Other information with respect to which feasibility study may be conducted;
 - 18. Other powers and functions of the Board;
 - 19. Manner of investing surplus fund of the Board;
 - 20. Value for Money Test;
- 21. The form and manner of publishing the details of proposed projects by the sponsoring agency, the period in which the report shall be prepared and submitted to the Board by the sponsoring agency in respect of the project;
 - 22. Websites in which details of the project to be published.".
- (e) after the First Schedule as so renamed, the following schedules shall be inserted, namely:

" SECOND SCHEDULE

[See section 2 (cb)]

SECTORS

- 1. Agriculture Infrastructure.
- 2. Buildings.
- 3. Development of Minor Minerals.
- 4. Drinking and Industrial Water supply systems, Desalination Plants.
- 5. Education related Infrastructure.
- Fisheries.
- 7. Gas and Gas Works.
- Health Infrastructure.
- 9. Housing including Slum Development and Development of Satellite towns.
- Industrial Estates including Industrial Parks and Special Economic Zones

- 11. Information and Communication Technology related Projects.
- 12. Inland Navigation and Inland Waterways.
- 13. Irrigation including Dams, Irrigation Structures, Canals.
- 14. Land Reclamation Projects.
- 15. Ports and Harbours.
- 16. Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution.
- 17. Roads, Bridges, including Rail over and under Bridges and By-passes.
- 18. Solid Waste Management.
- 19. Sports and Recreation Infrastructure.
- 20. Tourism and Hospitality Projects.
- 21. Transport projects including road, rail and air transport.
- 22. Urban Transportation System, Bus terminals, Multi level parking facilities.
- 23. Waste Water, Sewerage treatment systems.

"THIRD SCHEDULE

[See section 6F(10) (c)]

NATURE OF CONCESSION AGREEMENTS

1. Investment or Financing related Agreements

- (i) Build-Operate-and-Transfer (BOT).—A contractual arrangement whereby the concessionaire undertakes the construction, including financing, of a given infrastructure facility, and the operation and maintenance thereof. The concessionaire operates the facility over a fixed term during which they are allowed to charge the users appropriate tolls, fees rentals and charges as incorporated in the contract to enable the recovery of investment in the Project. The concessionaire transfers the facility to the Government at the end of the fixed term that shall be specified in the Concession agreement.
- (ii) Build-Own-and-Operate (BOO).—A contractual arrangement whereby the concessionaire is authorized to finance, construct, own, operate and maintain an infrastructure or development facility from which the concessionaire is allowed to recover the total investment by collecting user levies from facility

users. The ownership of the land will be vested with the Government. Under this mode, the concessionaire owns the assets of the facility and may choose to assign its operation and maintenance to a facility operator. The transfer of the facility to the Government is not envisaged in this structure; however, the Government may terminate its obligations after the specified time period.

- (iii) Build-Own-Operate-Transfer (BOOT).—A contractual arrangement whereby the concessionaire is authorised to finance, construct, maintain and operate a Project and whereby such Project is to vest in the concessionaire for a specified period. During the operation period, the concessionaire will be permitted to charge user levies specified in the Concession agreement, to recover the investment made in the Project. The concessionaire is liable to transfer the Project to the Government after the expiry of the specified period of operation.
- (iv) Build-Transfer-and-Operate (BTO).—A contractual arrangement whereby the Government contracts out an infrastructure facility to the concessionaire to construct the facility on a turn-key basis, assuming cost overruns, delays and specified performance risks. Once the facility is commissioned satisfactorily, the concessionaire is given the right to operate the facility and collect user levies specified in the Concession agreement. The title of the facilities always vests with the Government in this arrangement.
- (v) Design-Build-Finance-Operate-Transfer (DBFOT).—A contractual arrangement whereby the concessionaire is bestowed with the responsibility of designing, building, financing and operating the facility before transferring the Project to the Government after the expiry of the specified period. The concessionaire operates the facility over a fixed term during which they are allowed to charge the users appropriate tolls, fees, rentals and charges as incorporated in the contract to enable the recovery of investment in the Project.

2. Operations and Maintenance related Agreements

(i) Management Agreement.—A contractual arrangement whereby the Government entrusts the operation and management of a Project to the concessionaire for the period specified in the agreement on payment of specified consideration. In such agreement, the Government may charge the user levies and collect the same either by itself or entrust the collection for consideration to any concessionaire who shall after collecting the user levies, pay the same to the Government.

- (ii) Lease Management Agreement.—A contractual arrangement whereby the Government leases a Project owned by it to the concessionaire which is permitted to operate and maintain the Project for the period specified in the contract. The concessionaire is allowed to charge the users appropriate fees, rentals and charges as specified in the agreement to enable the recovery of investment in the Project.
- (iii) Build-Lease-and-Transfer (BLT).—A contractual arrangement whereby the concessionaire undertakes to finance and construct the Project and on its completion hands it over to the Government. The Government then gives the facility to the same operator on a lease arrangement for a fixed period, after which ownership of the facility is automatically transferred to the Government.
- (iv) Rehabilitate-Operate-and-Transfer (ROT).—A contractual arrangement whereby an existing facility is handed over to the concessionaire to invest, refurbish, operate and maintain for a period, at the expiry of which the facility is returned to the Government. The concessionaire operates the facility over a fixed term during which they are allowed to charge the users appropriate fees, rentals and charges as specified in the contract to enable the recovery of investment in the Project.
- (v) Rehabilitate-Own-and-Operate (ROO).—A contractual arrangement whereby an existing facility is handed over to the concessionaire to invest, refurbish, operate and maintain the development facility from which the concessionaire is allowed to recover the total investment by collecting user levies from facility users. The ownership of the land shall be vested with the Government. The transfer of the facility to the Government is not envisaged in this arrangement; however, the Government may terminate its obligations after a specified time period."
- 15. Repeal and saving.—(1) The Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 2016 (6 of 2016) is hereby repealed.
- (2) Notwithstanding such repeal, anything done or any action taken under the principal Act as amended by the said Ordinance shall be deemed to have done or taken under the principal Act as amended by this Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS

For the development of the State it is imperative to have massive investment in infrastructure sector. It is not feasible to provide all the requirements needed, for the investment in the infrastructure sector through the State Budget. On the recommendation of the Committee led by the Vice-Chairman, State Planning Board, constituted as per G.O. (P) No. 401/2014/Fin. dated 19th September, 2014 to submit recommendations for exploring the possibilities of financial market, the Government as per G.O. (P) No. 583/2014/Fin. dated 29th December, 2014 approved the measures to mobilize funds through General Obligation Bonds and Revenue Bonds to meet medium term fund requirements and through financial structures such as Alternative Investment Funds (A1F), Infrastructure Investment Trust (InvIT), Infrastructure Debt Fund (IDF), to meet long term requirements. The financial regulatory agencies such as SEBI, Reserve Bank of India have changed the rules for large scale resource mobilization of funds and borrowing.

In the revised Budget Speech for the Financial Year 2016-17, great emphasis has been given for infrastructure development. Second anti-recession package of 20000 erore rupees has been declared therein. It was also declared that the structure of the Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund Board would be modified to enable the utilization of the new fund mobilization methods, approved by SEBI and Reserve Bank of India, by amending the Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund Act, 1999.

Since the first quarter of the current financial year has already expired, there would be delay in realising the above objectives. As the Legislative Assembly of the State was not in session and the above proposals had to be given effect to immediately the Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund (Amendment) Ordinance, 2016 was promulgated by the Governor of Kerala on the 19th August, 2016 and published in the Kerala Gazette Extraordinary No. 1464 dated 19th August, 2016.

This Bill seeks to replace the Ordinance No. 6 of 2016 by an Act of the State Legislature.

FINANCIAL MEMORANDUM

Section 7 of the Act substituted by clause 8 of the Bill provides that, from time to time, Government shall make provision in the annual budget to defray the expenses incurred for payment of annuity or other repayment obligation incurred in lieu of section 8. The proviso stipulates that the Government shall set apart a share of Motor Vehicle taxes as contribution to the Fund, reckoned on the basis

of the Motor Vehicles Taxes collected for the previous year, such share being ten per cent in the first year and increased by ten per cent each year up to fifty per cent of the Motor Vehicle Tax in the fifth year.

Sub-section (3) of that section provides that the Government may also at its discretion, after due appropriation by law passed by the State Legislature from time to time, make grant, advances and loans to the Fund for the purpose of this Act, on such terms and conditions as the Government may determine.

If the Bill is enacted and brought into operation there would be a recurring approximate expenditure of rupees Five hundred and twenty crores and a non-recurring approximate expenditure of rupees Fifteen crores from the Consolidated Fund of the State.

MEMORANDUM REGARDING DELEGATED LEGISLATION

- 1. Section 2(ac) proposed to be inserted by clause 2 of the Bill empowers the Government to specify the details of other information for the detailed study of the project after taking decision for preliminary investment.
- 2. Section 2 (ae) proposed to be inserted by clause 2 of the Bill empowers the Government to specify other information for conducting feasibility study.
- 3. Sub-section (3) of section 3 proposed to be amended by clause 3 of the Bill empowers the Government to specify the manner in which the fund shall be administered by the Board.
- 4. Clause (k) of section 6A proposed to be inserted by clause 7 of the Bill empowers the Government to specify the manner of investing the surplus fund available from time to time in the Board.
- 5. Clause (o) of section 6A proposed to be inserted by clause 7 of the Bill empowers the Government to specify the powers and functions to be exercised by the Board.
- 6. Clause (b) of sub-section (3) of section 6F proposed to be inserted by clause 7 of the Bill empowers the Government to specify the 'Value for Money Test' in the Scheme.
- 7. Sub-section (5) of section 6F proposed to be inserted by clause 7 of the Bill empowers the Government to specify the website in which the detailed information of the projects are to be published.

- 8. Sub-section (9) of section 6F proposed to be inserted by clause 7 of the Bill empowers the Government to specify the form and manner in which the details of the proposed projects are to be published by the sponsoring agency and the period within which the report is to be prepared and submitted to the Board, by such agency.
- 9. Sub-section (3) of section 7 proposed to be inserted by clause 8 of the Bill empowers the Government to specify the terms and conditions for making grants, advance and loans to the Fund, from time to time.
- 10. Sub-section (4) of section 10 proposed to be inserted by clause 11 of the Bill empowers the Government to specify the method of appointment, salary and allowances and other conditions of service of the officers and staff appointed in the Board under sub-section (1).
- 11. The matters in respect of which schemes are to be made or notifications are to be issued are matters of procedures or details and are of routine and administrative in nature. Further, the rules or notifications after they are made or issued will be subject to scrutiny of the Legislative Assembly. The delegation of legislative power is thus of a normal character.

DR. T. M. THOMAS ISAAC.

EXTRACT FROM THE RELEVANT PORTIONS OF THE KERALA INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENT FUND ACT, 2003 (4 OF 2000)

- 2. Definitions.—In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires.
- (a) 'Board' means the Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund Board constituted under section 4;
 - (e) 'Government' means the Government of Kerala;

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(f) 'Infrastructure Projects' includes projects in the sectors of electric power, roads, irrigation, ports, airports, water supply, inland navigation, solid waste management and drainage or a multipurpose project in anyone more of these areas;

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- (h) 'Other undertakings' means Public Companies established in the State under the Companies Act, 1956 (Central Act 1 of 1956) in joint sector, where the investment of the Government is not less than forty per cent of the total paid-up share capital, on societies established under Travancore-Cochin Literary, Scientific and Charitable Societies Registration Act, 1955 (XII of 1955) on the Societies Registration Act 1860 (Central Act 21 of 1860) and where Government, Local Self Government Institutions or any Public Sector Undertaking, as the case may be, have not less than fifty per cent of interest in its assets, ownership and management;
- (i) 'Public Sector Undertakings' means any Government Company established in the State under the Companies Act, 1956 (Central Act 1 of 1956) or a Co-operative Society registered or deemed to have been registered under the Kerala Co-operative Societies Act, 1969 (21 of 1969) where the Government holds not less than fifty per cent of the share capital, and substantial control over its management and includes public undertakings establised under a statute;
 - (k) 'Scheme' means the scheme framed under this Act;
 - (1) 'State' means the State of Kerala;

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- (m) 'Undertakings' means public sector undertakings or other undertakings;
- 3. Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund Scheme.—(1) The Government may, by notification, in the Gazette, frame a scheme to be called the 'Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund Scheme' for the establishment of a fund under this Act for investments in the infrastructure projects of the State and there shall be established, as soon as may be after the framing of the scheme, a fund in accordance with the provisions of this Act and the scheme.
 - (2) There shall be credited to the fund,-

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- (a) the contribution specified in section 7;
- (b) the amount borrowed by the Board under section 8;
- (c) grants or loans or advances made by the Government or any institution;
- (d) any amount raised by the Board from other sources to augment the resources of the Board;
- (e) any other amount which, under the provisions of the scheme, shall be credited to the fund.
- (3) The fund shall vest in, and be administered by the Board constituted under section 4;
- (4) The fund may be utilised for all or any of the following purposes, namely:
 - (a) to finance investments in infrastructure projects in the State;

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(c) to redeem the bonds and debentures used to raise resources for the fund; and

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(5) All moneys specified in sub-section (2) shall be deposited into the public account of the Government or with the approval of the Government in any Nationalised Bank and the said account shall be operated by the Fund Manager.

- (6) Subject to the provisions of this Act, the scheme framed under sub-section (1) may provide for all or any of the matters specified in sub-section (4) and in the Schedule.
- (7) The scheme shall be land, as soon as may be, after it is framed, before the Legislative Assembly while it is in session for a total period of fourteen days which may be in one session or in two successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid on the session immediately following, the Legislative Assembly makes any modification in the scheme, the scheme shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form, so however that any such modification shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under the scheme.
- 4. Constitution of Board.—(1) The Government may, by notification in the Gazette, constitute with effect from such date as may be specified therein, a Board to be called "the Kerala Infrastructure Investment Fund Board" for the administration of the fund and to supervise or carry out the activities financed from the fund.
- (2) The Board shall be a body corporate by the name aforesaid, having perpetual succession and a common seal and shall by the said name sue or be sued.
 - (3) The Board shall consist of the following members, namely:—
 - (a) the Chief Secretary to Government of Kerala;
 - (b) the Principal Secretary (Finance);
 - (c) the Secretary (Public Works);
 - (d) the Secretary (Irrigation);
 - (e) the Secretary (Planning);
 - (f) the Secretary (Revenue);
 - (g) the Secretary (Finance Resources);
- (h) two persons who have proven experience in development banking nominated by the Government.
 - (4) The Chief Secretary shall be the Chairman of the Board.
- (5) The Secretary (Finance Resources) shall be the Fund Manager of the Board.

- (6) The Board shall administer the fund vested in it in such manner as may be specified in the scheme.
- (7) The Board may, with the previous approval of the Government, delegate to the Fund Manager such of its powers and functions under this Act of the scheme, as it may consider necessary for the efficient administration of the fund, subject to such restrictions and conditions, if any, as it may specify.
- 5. Term of office of members.—(1) A member appointed under clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 4 shall hold office during the pleasure of the Government.
- (2) Any member appointed under clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 4 may resign his membership by giving notice in writing to the Government but shall continue in office until his resignation is accepted by the Government.
- 6. Powers and functions of the Board.—Subject to the provisions of this Act, the Board shall have the following powers and functions, namely:—
 - (a) to mobilise resources for the utilisation of the fund;
- (b) to sanction financial assistance to the undertakings as per the scheme;
- (c) to recover the amounts due to the Board from the assisted undertakings as per the recovery schedule;
- (d) to modify, revise or reschedule the recoveries from any of the assisted undertakings as may be considered appropriate;
- (c) to opt for revenue recovery procedures, if found necessary and appropriate, against any of the assisted undertakings in the interest of the Board:
- (f) to disburse all expenses relating to the administration of the fund including travel, interest on borrowings, fees, professional charges and other expenses;
- (g) to invest any surplus fund of the Board, as may be available from time to time, in such manner as may be specified in the scheme and also to realise such investments;
- (h) to review the performance of any undertaking receiving any assistance or loan from the fund on a periodic basis;

- (i) to enter into memorandum of undertakings or performance contract with any undertaking under the purview of this Act, on behalf of the Government;
 - (j) to enter into contracts on behalf of the Board;
- (k) to exercise such of the powers and functions as may be specified in the scheme;
- (1) to exercise such other powers and perform such other functions as may be conferred on or entrusted to it by the Government for carrying out the purposes of this Act;
- (m) to do all acts necessary for, and incidental to, the carrying out of the functions entrusted or delegated to it.
- 7. Contribution to the fund.—The Government may, after due appropriation by law of the State Legislature, from time to time make such grants, advances and loans to the fund for the purposes of this Act on such terms and conditions as the Government may determine.
- 8. Power of the Board to borrow and lend.—(1) The Board may from time to time, with the previous sanction of the Government and subject to such conditions as the Government may, by general or special order determine, borrow any sum required for the purposes of this Act whether, by the issue of bonds or debentures or otherwise or by making arrangements with Banks or Institutions approved by the Government in that behalf.
- (2) Bonds or debentures issued by the Board under this section shall be issued, transferred, dealt with or redeemed in such manner as the Government may, by general or special order, direct.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of this Act and such conditions and limitations as may be specified in the scheme, the Board may, out of its funds, grant loans and advances to any public sector undertakings or other undertakings for the time being in force in the State.

9. Guarantee by Government of loans.—(1) The Government may guarantee, in such manner as they think fit the payment of the principal and interest of any loan proposed to be raised by the Board under section 8:

Provided that the total guarantee issued by the Government under this Act shall not exceed a sum of rupees two thousand crores.

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- 10. Appointment of officers and staff.—(1) The Government may appoint such number of staff as they consider, necessary to assist the Board in the discharge of its functions and duties under this Act on deputation or through the Public Service Commission.
- (2) The method of appointment, salary and allowances discipline and other conditions of service of the staff appointed under sub-section (1) shall be such as may be specified in the scheme.

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- 12. Member of Board etc. to be public servants.—Every member of the Board, the Fund Manager and staff of the Board appointed under sub-section (1) of section 10 shall be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code (Central Act 45 of 1860).
- 17. Power to order inquiry. (1) The Government may, at any time appoint any person to enquire into the working of the Board and to submit a report to the Government

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(2) The Board shall give the person so appointed all facilities for the proper conduct of the inquiry and furnish to him such documents, accounts and information in the possession of the Board as he may require.

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SCHEDULE

[See Section 3 (6)]

MATTER FOR WHICH PROVISIONS MAY BE MADE IN THE SCHEME

- 1. Eligibility of undertakings for assistance
- 2. The purposes for which the assistance may be given
- 3. Modes of assistance
- 4. Interest and penal charges
- 5. Security for the assistance
- 6. Appraisal and sanction procedure
- 7. Disbursement procedure
- 8. Guidelines for memorandum of understanding/performance contract
- 9. Recovery procedure
- 10. Monitoring system
- 11. Investment of surplus funds
- 12. Board meetings, quorum, fees and allowances to members of the Board.
- 13. The method of keeping accounts shall be kept, the preparation of the budget, the audit of accounts and the submission of reports to the Government.
- 14. The procedure for defraying the expenditure incurred in the administration of the fund
- 15. The method of appointment, salary and allowances, discipline and conditions of service of the staff of the Board.
- 16. Any other matter which is to be provided for in the Scheme or which may be necessary or proper for the purpose of implementing the scheme.